

THE SYDNEY
MONTHLY OVERLAND
MAIL.

PER MAIL STEAMER AVOC.

POLITICAL.

During the last ten or twelve days there has been a revived interest in the business of legislation. Both Houses have entered upon their work with great vigour, and an apparent determination to make up as much as possible for lost time. The end of the session, which has been unusually long, seems to be desired by all parties, and it is hoped that a few more weeks will be sufficient to prepare for a prorogation.

The Parliament has now been sitting during a time twice as long as an ordinary English session, and will have to sit again before the close of the year to perform the duties proper to the year—otherwise the public business will fall still further into arrear.

The Customs Duties Bill referred to in last Summary as not being likely to pass, has been saved, so far, by the Government conceding to the Council amendments which it withheld from the Assembly. These amendments were promised by Mr. Docker, in the resolution of the Government in the Upper House, when agreeing that the bill be referred to the Council. One of the most objectionable clauses of the bill was the 5th, which was framed to prevent fraud, but which was so worded as to render it impossible for any man of high moral sense to make the declaration specified without doing violence to his feelings, inasmuch as it required him to swear to facts of which he could not be cognisant—namely, that the invoice produced to the Collector or other proper officer of Customs was the genuine and only invoice of the goods mentioned in the entry and contained in the packages specified, and that the value of such goods mentioned in the said invoice at the time of shipment was the fair market value of such goods in the principal markets of the country where the same were exported.

In the Legislative Assembly it was proposed to insert words making the declaration "to the best of the knowledge and belief" of the importer or his authorised agent, but which were rejected, as it was thought that if these words were inserted the object in view would be frustrated. When, however, the bill came before the Council the Government consented to amend the declaration so that it should read as follows:—"I A. R. do hereby declare that the invoice produced is the genuine and only invoice of the goods mentioned in the entry and contained in the packages specified, and that the several marks and numbers, as the case may be, and that the value of such goods mentioned in the said invoice and therein stated as [here state value] was to the best of my belief the fair market value of such goods at the time of shipment at the place whence the same were exported."

Mr. Docker told the members of the Council that since the bill passed the Legislative Assembly the Government had looked into the matter, and found considerable weight of objections raised, and they consented to amend the bill in this and some other particulars.

Mr. Docker, in his speech, said that the amendment was one or two instances taking power which, as introduced, would give to the Collector, and vesting it in the Treasurer. Immediately after the Government had given way in the Council, Mr. Samuel placed the following resolutions on the business paper of the Assembly:—"1. That, in the opinion of this House, all questions relative to the raising of revenue by taxation, and the expenditure of public money, should be dealt with by the representatives of the people only. 2. That the proposition made by the representative of the Government in the Legislative Council to amend the 'Customs Duties Bill' in that branch of the Legislature, is a violation of the foregoing principle, and meets with the disapproval of this House. That the foregoing resolutions be communicated by address to His Excellency the Governor."

The motion was搁置, seeing that in a Parliamentary sense the Assembly was not aware of what the Council had done. The resolutions still remain on the paper.

The Customs Duties Bill was returned to the Assembly last week, and tacked to it was a following resolution of the Council:—"That this Council, in assenting to the bill, intimated an Act for carrying to her Majesty certain duties of Customs, for other purposes, has accepted the representation made on behalf of the Government, that the increase of revenue to be produced by that measure is required for extinguishing the debt known as the Deficit Debt of the Colony, and now desires to record its expectation that such increased revenue will be appropriated and applied accordingly." This resolution was moved by Sir W. M. Manning. It was not objected to by Mr. Docker, who said that the Government expected the increased duties would enable them to pay off a portion of the debt represented by the deficiency loans, at the close of every year.

Mr. Speaker, in announcing the reception of this amended bill by message from the Legislative Council, called attention to its nature, the character of the amendments, the practice of the English Parliament in regard to money bills, and the course which had hitherto been taken in the Legislative Assembly. He quoted many precedents to show that he would move, as an amendment, on the motion, that the Speaker leave the chair, and learned Attorney General as unnecessary, and in other respects objectionable. It was admitted that the sentence "a new blasphemy law" in the colony was too severe, but the bill did not offer any acceptable amendment, and the motion for its second reading was negatived on a division of 22 to 7.

A bill to reduce the salaries of certain public officers, which was introduced into the Assembly about the middle of March last, by Mr. Brown, was defeated in the Legislative Council. It was proposed to reduce the salary of future Governors from £7000 to £5000, and other salaries as follows:—Colonial Secretary from £2000 to £1250 per annum; Colonial Treasurer, the Attorney-General, and the Secretaries for Lands and Works from £1500 to £1250. The bill was introduced under the title of the Imported Stock Bill. It has been framed to give the Government power to place imported stock in quarantine, and if necessary to destroy such animals when diseased. It is likely this bill will pass into law. There is a general opinion that the Government should possess some discretionary power in cases of the kind; but that this power should be exercised so as to subject owners of stock to the least possible hardship or inconvenience.

The Religious Opinions Bill introduced by Mr. W. Forster, and intended to prevent the possibility of severe sentences being inflicted for free expression of opinion under the present law relating to blasphemy, has been thrown out on a motion for the second reading. It was severely criticised by the hon. and learned Attorney General as unnecessary, and in other respects objectionable.

It was admitted that the bill was not to be of any service to the people who pay the taxes. The practice adopted previous occasions has been to lay an unascertained money bill aside, and to bring in a new bill adopting, for all, the amendments introduced by the Council. This bill was followed in the Assembly in regard to the stamp duties.

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NOTES OF THE MONTH.

FROM THE 14TH APRIL TO THE 21st APRIL.

It is proposed to make several important alterations at the Sydney Exchange, so as to render that institution yet more worthy of the support of the mercantile community.

The University of Göttingen has conferred on Mr. Woods, of Parramatta, the degree of Ph. D. and Doctor of Civil Law, and Master of the Liberal Arts in consideration of his services to the University of his various publications on the Botany of Australia.

An Act has been passed to renew \$43,423,243 in Treasury bills, part of what is known as the Deficiency Loan. The particulars will be found in our moneyary report.

It was remarked in the last summary that, although the Civil Service Superannuation Fund was in a very unsatisfactory condition, it was not probable anything would be done to amend the Superannuation Act this session. A motion to introduce a Superannuation Act Amendment Bill forthwith, was not long ago negatived by a majority of 20 to 8; and previously to that—in April last—the Colonial Secretary had said that it was not the intention of the Government to deal with the subject during the present session. On the Supplementary Estimate, however, was a sum of £6000 in aid of the fund; and during the discussion as to whether it was the duty of the Assembly to vote more money to bolster up the superannuation fund, the Premier promised to introduce a bill this session. That bill was brought in last week. It provides that the rate of contribution shall be 4 per cent. absolutely; that the maximum retiring allowances shall be two-thirds—one-sixth per annum for every year's service, not less than 15 nor more than 40. The basis of calculation is to be the salary, or the average of salaries received during the last three years of office. The Act at present in existence is not superseded, but

there is a provision that if in any year the funds are sufficient to pay the various charges upon it, "at the rates and in the manner provided by the said Act, such payments shall in such year be made as in the said Act mentioned, anything in this Act to the contrary notwithstanding." No recipient of a retiring allowance, however, can expect to gain anything by this provision. The only other main feature of the bill is that superannuation allowances are to be made a charge upon the Consolidated Revenue Fund, but the fund is inadequate to pay them full pensions. As some of them have not served more than fifteen years, the proposed bill if carried will seriously affect them. The subject is surrounded with difficulties, the recital of which would scarcely interest an English reader, except he were depending upon the Superannuation Fund for a pension.

The Military and Naval Forces Regulation Bill has passed both Houses. The circumstances under which this bill has been introduced were thus described by Mr. Docker, in the Legislative Council:—"The Imperial Government having determined, in pursuance of a policy not exactly known in the colony, to withdraw the Imperial troops, a proposition was made to leave in the colonies a certain force on condition that the Australian colonies between them should take, and pay, an entire regiment. This colony imminent, its willingness to retain on the terms imposed, and to contribute £100,000 per annum, was agreed to by the other colonies. But none of the other colonies agreed to retain a portion of the troops placed at their disposal. Victoria he believed, made a stipulation that, whatever the exigency of the British Government, these troops should never be withdrawn. This, it must be seen, would take them out of the Imperial control, and place them under a subordinate Government. The Imperial Government, of course declined to accede to that condition. This colony then applied to be allowed to retain a battery of Artillery. The Imperial Government declined to entertain this proposition, stating that, in the opinion of military men, it was unsafe to leave Artillery without the protection of cavalry. The other colonies, on consulting the forces here, reported that the result of this was that the colonies should be allowed to remain until the views of the Imperial Government could be ascertained, and a proposition be submitted to them; but he stated that he felt so bound down by instructions that he was unable to accede to this request. The troops were withdrawn, and this colony, in common with others of the Australian group, was left entirely to its own measures to ensure the defence of the metropolis. Since then sundry batteries had been constructed for our defence, and it was necessary that they should be manned, and besides, it would not be prudent to leave them without protection. The only force the Government had at its disposal was the Volunteer Force. But it was very evident that, to make such a force effectual for the purpose required, it must be subjected to a discipline to which we could not expect the Volunteers to submit themselves. The Government, therefore, felt the necessity of raising a permanent military force; and this bill was framed with a view to asking Parliament to place at their disposal the necessary funds for its maintenance. Before this could be done, they must provide the necessary means for ensuring discipline. It was under these circumstances that the present bill was introduced. This bill did not provide for the number of men, that being left to the future action of the Parliament.

In the Legislative Assembly in Committee of Supply, when the vote was asked for, to defray the cost of the defences, Mr. W. Forster moved "by way of amendment—a vote of censure on the Government, for not having obtained the assent of Parliament for the expenditure on the military works now in progress." Sir James Martin, however, made an able defence of the course taken by the Government, and the amendment was negatived on a division of 22 to 7.

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there speared, seized an empty blunderbuss, and so alarmed his assailants that he fled.

FROM 21st TO 26th APRIL.

At a public meeting held on the 24th instant, in the Hall of the Sydney Mechanics' School of Arts (Mr. T. S. Mort in the chair), it was resolved that a "New South Wales Academy of Art" should be established, and a committee was accordingly appointed to draw up rules and regulations.

On Monday last, the Governor, the Countess of Huntingdon, and others, visited Parramatta, and inspected the asylum for the infirm and destitute, and the three schools in that township, directly connected with the Government.

The Small-bore Rifle Club have accepted a challenge from the Bristol S.B.C., to shoot a match with eight men at, ranges 800, 900, and 1000 yards. The match will be held at each distance, two sightings shot allowed at each distance; one man to fire before the end of the present month, the English team before the end of May.

Her Majesty has promised to present to the Municipal Council of Sydney a portrait of herself, for the Town Hall, provided all necessary expenses shall be paid. The portrait will be given to the Municipal Council, and the sum of £1000 will be paid to the artist.

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paid. *Muscat and raisins* raisins are out of first hands, and bring extreme rates. *Almonds* are worth 6d. to 7d.; *Jordan almonds*, 1s. 6d. to 1s. 10d.; *Barcelona nuts*, 4d. to 5d.; *figs*, 6d. to 7d.

UNDER GOALS.—Extremely difficult to quit at lower rates. *Cornflakes* cannot be quoted above 12d.; *woolpacks*, 8d. to 2s. 6d.; *woollieging*, 6d. to 6s.; *canvass*, 10d. to 1s. 3d.

FISH.—*Sardines* are becoming scarce. Quarters have been quoted to 7s. 3d., and inferior hands at 12d. to 1s. 6d. *Smoked salmon* at 1s. 6d. to 1s. 10d.; *Opener*, 8s. 6d. to 1s.; *lobsters*, 10s. to 1s. 6d.; *shrimps*, 4s. to 4d.; *white herring*, if very fine, are worth 3s. 6d.; *herring*, 1s. 6d. upwards.

More *fish* *now* *has* *sent* *to* *this* *market* *very* *fine* *samples* *of* *salmon* *piking* *at* *9d.* *in* *head*. *Good* *keft*, *of* *1870*, *bring* *is* *3d.* *to* *1s.* 6d.

LEATHER.—Supplies of all descriptions have been equal to the demand, and prices have been made at the following rates:—*Kip*, 1s. 6d. to 1s. 10d.; *Opener*, 1s. 6d. to 2s. 6d.; *English*, 3s. 6d. to 4s.; *French*, 4s. to 6s. per lb.; *hangeron*, 2s. 6d. to 2s. 10d.; *calv*, 2s. 10d. to 3s. 10d.; *hangeron*, 2s. 10d. to 4s. 6d.; *leap*, 1s. 6d. to 1s.; *hogskins*, 6d. per dozen. *Leather* *now* *has* *been* *offered* *to* *the* *public* *market*, *with* *the* *exception* *of* *the* *small* *samples* *of* *leather* *which* *have* *been* *offered* *to* *the* *public* *market*, *the* *in* *number* *of* *samples* *is* *now* *more* *than* *100*. *Leather* *now* *has* *sent* *to* *this* *market* *very* *fine* *samples* *of* *leather* *which* *have* *been* *offered* *to* *the* *public* *market*, *the* *in* *number* *of* *samples* *is* *now* *more* *than* *100*. *Leather* *now* *has* *sent* *to* *this* *market* *very* *fine* *samples* *of* *leather* *which* *have* *been* *offered* *to* *the* 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